

Amendments to the Drawings:

The attached sheets of drawings include changes to **Figures 1A, 2A, 3A, 5, 6A, 7A, 8, 12 and 17A.**

On **Figure 1A**, it is proposed to show inner diameter **32** more accurately as well as height **35** and width **31** of the rim. These proposed changes conform the drawing better to the text at p. 21, lines 4-26:

Tumbler **10** is optionally provided with a molded-in design **28** which is more clearly seen by reference to **Figures 1(b) and 1(c)**. Base sidewall **26** extends upwardly to define an outer edge **30** which attaches to sidewall **14**. Sidewall **14** extends upwardly to fortified rim **16**. Rim **16** is integrally formed with sidewall **14** and is a continuous generally circular or oval, solid polymer bead extending about periphery **18** of opening **20**. Rim **16** has a width **31** which is defined by the difference between an inner diameter **32** and an outer diameter **34** of rim **16** and a height **35** which is the distance over which width **31** extends. Width **31** is thicker than adjacent sidewall portion **38** which is typically of the same caliper as the reset of sidewall **14**. In the example shown in **Figures 1(a) – 1(c)**, adjacent sidewall portion **38** has a thickness of 10 mils, height **35** is approximately 28 mils and width **31** is approximately 40 mils at its thickest point.

Other dimensions of tumbler **10** are indicated on **Figure 1A**. Base portion **12** has a diameter **D**, at edge **30** of about 2.125 inches, an outer upper diameter **34** of 2.770 inches an inner upper diameter **32** of 2.730 inches. The overall height, **H**, of tumbler **10** is 5.785 inches. These dimensions define an angle of taper **T** as shown about imaginary central axis **40** of about 3° for sidewall **14** of tumbler **10**. As used herein “taper”, “degree of taper” and like terminology indicates the angle that the sidewall of the inventive tumbler makes with the imaginary central longitudinal axis defined by the sidewall which is substantially perpendicular to bottom **22**, the taper of the article may also be thought of as the angle the sidewall makes with the bottom less 90 degrees.

The rim on **Figure 2A** should look like the rim on the tumbler of **Figure 1**. This change is consistent with **Figure 1** and the text as filed on p. 22, lines 8-20:

There is shown in **Figures 2(a) and 2(b)** another tumbler **210** constructed in accordance with the present invention. In general, tumbler **210** has a base portion **212**, a sidewall portion **214** and an upper circular fortified rim portion **216** which extends about the periphery **218** of an opening **220** of tumbler **210**. Base portion **212** of tumbler **210** is integrally formed with the rest of the tumbler and includes a bottom **222** which has a meniscus portion

224 and a base sidewall 226. Base sidewall 226 is typically thicker than sidewall 214, and has slightly reversed taper as opposed to the taper of sidewall 214.

Tumbler 210 is provided with a molded-in design 228 which is a series of concentric rings as shown on **Figures 2(a) and 2(b)**. The dimensions of tumbler 210 are otherwise substantially identical to the dimensions of the tumbler 10 of **Figures 1(a) – 1(c)**.

On **Figure 3A**, thickness 331 and height 335 of the rim should be shown as on **Figure 1**. Also, the rim should be shown as in **Figures 1 and 2**. These changes are supported by the specification as filed at p. 23, lines 8-20:

Base sidewall 326 extends upwardly to define an outer edge 330 which attaches to sidewall 314. Sidewall 314 extends upwardly to fortified rim 316. Rim 316 is integrally formed with sidewall 314 and is a continuous generally circular or oval, solid polymer bead extending about periphery 318 of opening 320. Rim 316 has a width 331 which is defined by the difference between an inner diameter 332 and an outer diameter 334 of rim 316 and a height 335 which is the longitudinal distance over which width 331 extends. Width 331 is thicker than adjacent sidewall portion 338 which is typically of the same caliper as the rest of sidewall 314. In the example shown, adjacent sidewall portion 338 has a thickness of 20 mils height 335 is approximately 28 mils and width 331 is approximately 40 mils at its thickest point. Other dimensions of tumbler 310 are approximately identical to those of tumblers 210 of **Figures 2(a) and 2(b)** and tumbler 10 of **Figures 1(a) – 1(c)**. Tumbler 310 thus has a taper of 3°.

The fortified rim 516, **Figure 5**, should appear schematically the same as in **Figures 4A, 4B**.

In **Figure 6A**, the diameters, widths and so forth should conform to the text at p. 26, lines 8-18:

Base sidewall 626 extends upwardly to define an outer edge 630 which attached to sidewall 614. Sidewall 614 extends upwardly to fortified rim 616. Rim 616 is integrally formed with sidewall 614 and is a continuous generally circular or oval, solid polymer bead extending about periphery 618 of opening 620. Rim 616 has a width 631 which is defined by the difference between an inner diameter 632 and an outer diameter 634 of rim 616 and a height 635 which is the distance over which width 631 extends. Width 31 is thicker than adjacent sidewall portion 638 which is typically of the same caliper as the rest of sidewall 614, that is, sidewall 614 is substantially uniform in thickness on

the entire tumbler. In the example shown, adjacent sidewall portion 638 has a thickness of 20 mils, height 635 is approximately 28 mils and width 631 of rim 616 is approximately 40 mils at its thickest point.

Figure 7A should be conformed to **Figures 1A, 2A, 3A and 6A**. These changes conform the **Figure** to the text at the bottom of page 27 and top of page 28:

Rim 716 is integrally formed with sidewall 714 and is a continuous generally circular or oval, solid polymer bead extending about periphery 718 of opening 720. Rim 716 has a width 731 which is defined by the difference between an inner diameter 732 and an outer diameter 734 of rim 716 and a height 735 which is the distance over which width 731 extends. Width 731 is thicker than adjacent sidewall portion 738 which is typically of the same caliper as the rest of sidewall 714. In the example shown, adjacent sidewall portion 738 has a thickness of 20 mils, height 736 is approximately 28 mils and width 731 is approximately 40 mils at its thickest point.

Other dimensions of tumbler 710 are generally as indicated in connection with tumbler 610 of **Figure 6**. Sidewall 714 of tumbler 710 has a taper of approximately 6.5 degrees.

The tumblers of **Figures 6 and 7** have the fortified rim design of the present invention wherein the rim includes a spherical or elliptical solid polymer bead. Typically, this bead is twice the thickness of the adjacent sidewall or more as was discussed in connection with **Figures 4(a) and 4(b)** above. That discussion applies equally to the embodiments of **Figures 6, 7, 8 and 17** as will be appreciated from the foregoing and subsequent discussion.

Figure 8 should be consistent with the other tumblers and text at page 29, beginning on line 10:

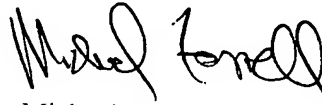
Base sidewall 826 extends upwardly to define an outer edge 830 which attaches to sidewall 814. Sidewall 814 extends upwardly to fortified rim 816. Rim 816 is integrally formed with sidewall 814 and is a continuous generally circular or oval, solid polymer bead extending about periphery 818 of opening 820. Rim 816 has a width 831 which is defined by the difference between an inner diameter 832 and an outer diameter 834 of rim 816 and a height 835 which is the distance over which width 831 extends. Width 831 is thicker than adjacent sidewall portion 838 which is typically of the same caliper as the rest of sidewall 814, that is, sidewall 814 is substantially uniform in thickness on the entire tumbler. In the example shown, adjacent sidewall portion 838 has a thickness of 20 mils, height 835 is approximately 28 mils and width 831 of rim 816 is approximately 28 mils and width 831 of rim 816 is approximately 40 mils at its thickest point. The tumbler is also provided with a series of molded-in grooves 841 which extend around the tumbler. These grooves

Attachments:

New Sheet 1, **Figure 1A**;
Annotated Sheet 1 showing changes;
New Sheet 2, **Figure 2A**;
Annotated Sheet 2 showing changes;
New Sheet 3, **Figure 3A**;
Annotated Sheet 3 showing changes;
New Sheet 5, **Figure 5**;
Annotated Sheet 5 showing changes;
New Sheet 6, **Figure 6A**;
Annotated Sheet 6 showing changes;
New Sheet 7, **Figure 7A**;
Annotated Sheet 7 showing changes;
New Sheet 8, **Figure 8**;
Annotated Sheet 8 showing changes;
New Sheet 10, **Figure 12**;
Annotated Sheet 10 showing changes;
New Sheet 12, **Figure 17A**; and
Annotated Sheet 12 showing changes.

If for any reason the Examiner would like to discuss the foregoing proposed changes, the Examiner is invited to call at the number listed below.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Michael W. Ferrell". The signature is stylized with a large, looped "M" and a cursive "Ferrell".

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1/14

SEE CASE
 AS FILED,
 P. 21
 FIG 4 ALSO

FIG. 1A

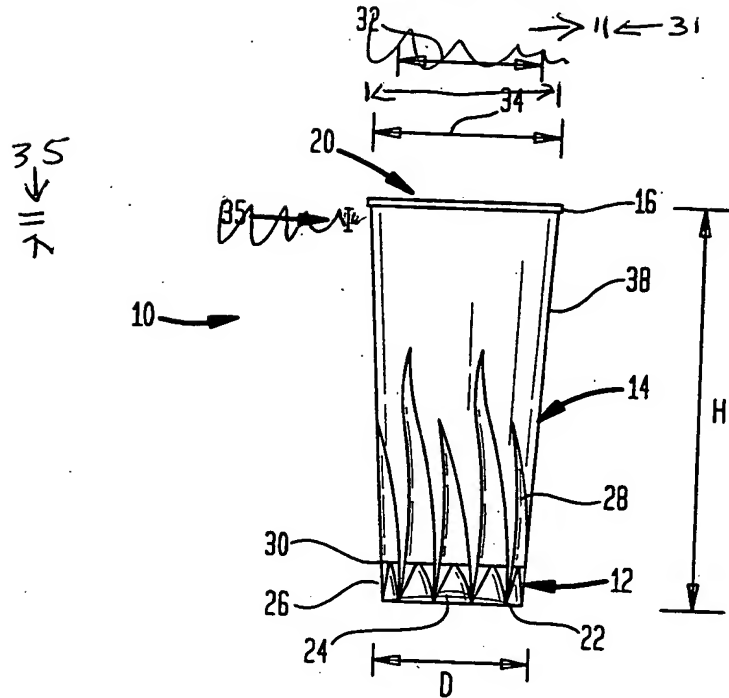


FIG. 1B

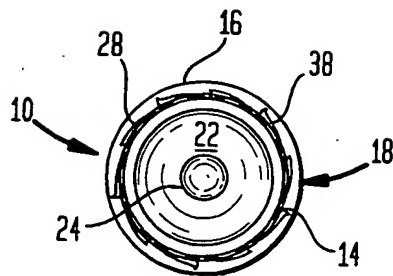
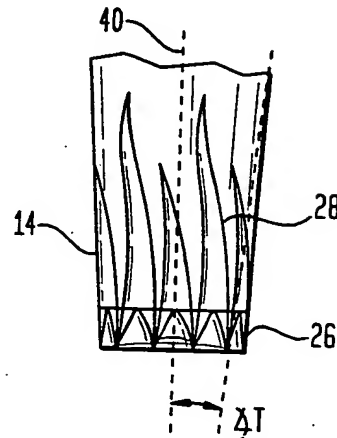


FIG. 1C



2/14

SEE CASE
AS FILED,
p. 22
FIG. 4 ALSO

FIG. 2A

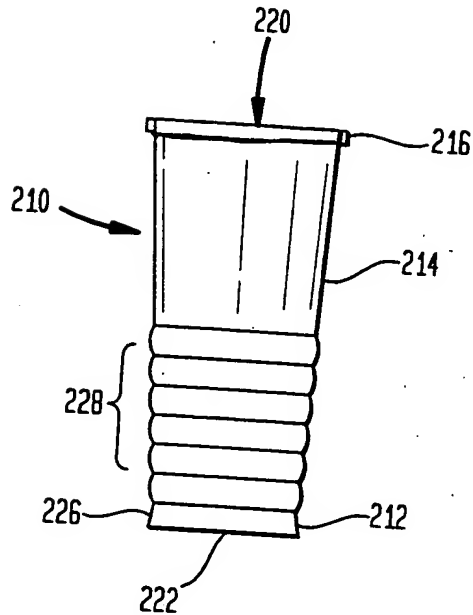
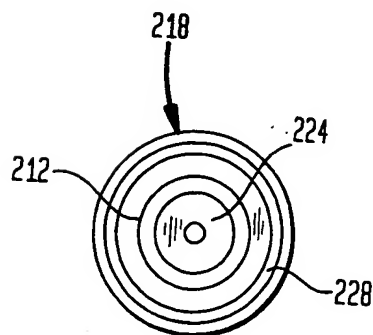


FIG. 2B



3/14

See P.23

FIG. 4

FIG. 3A

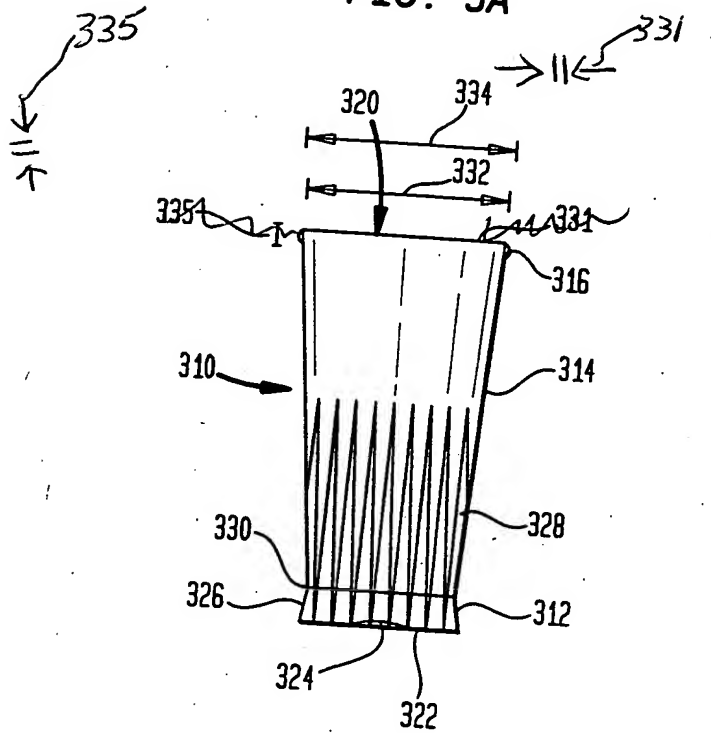


FIG. 3B

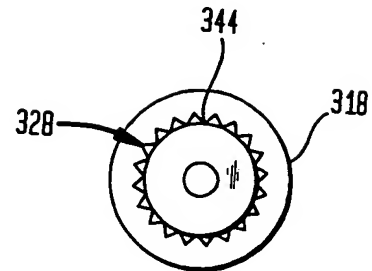


FIG. 3C

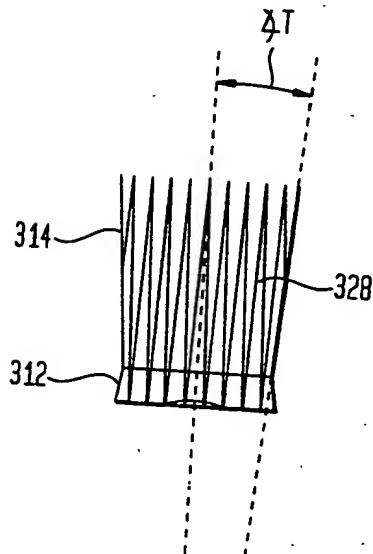
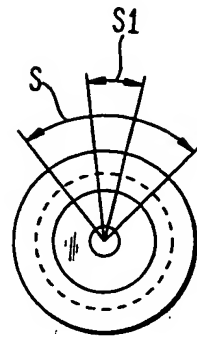
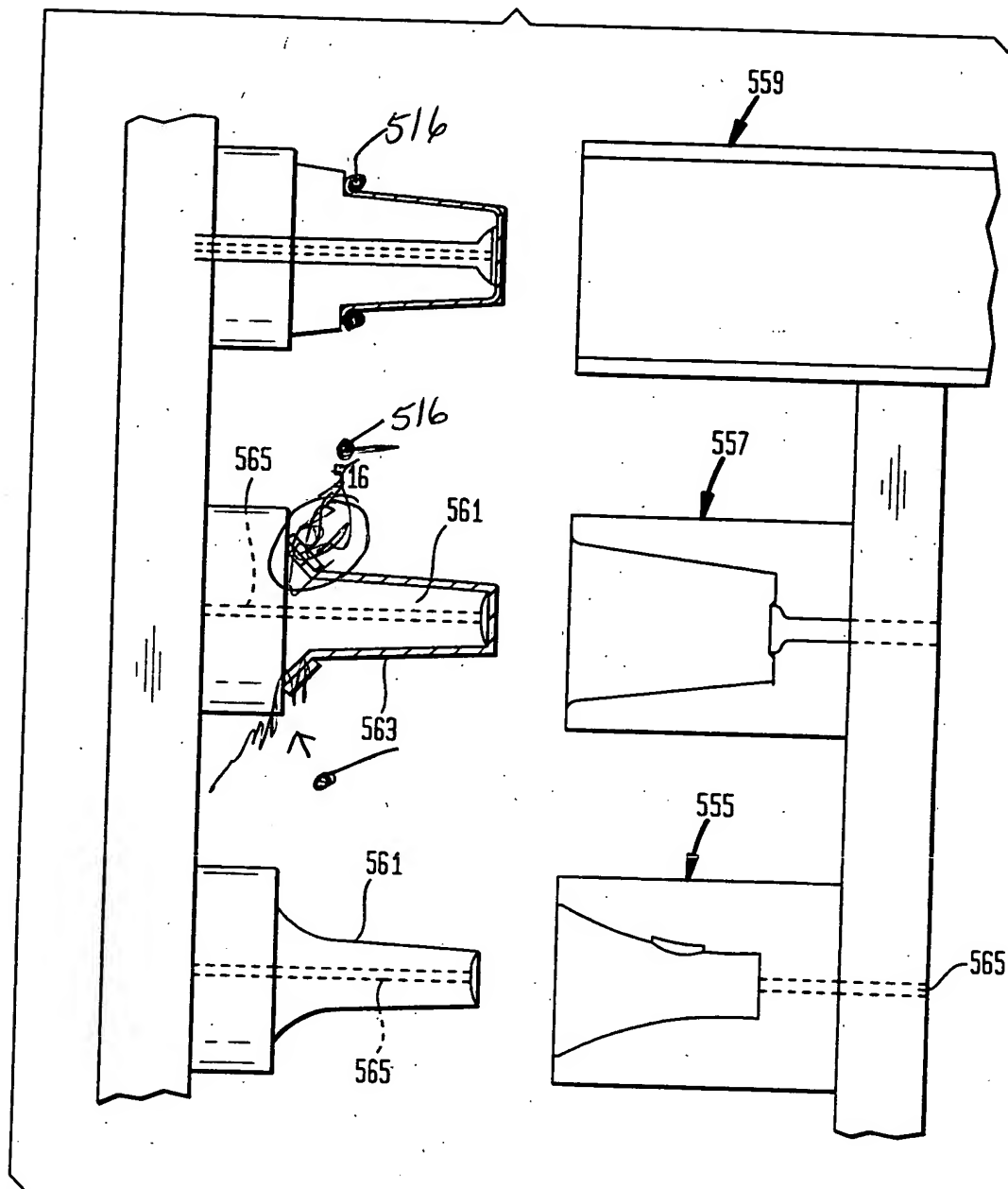


FIG. 3D



5/14

FIG. 5



6/14

See P. 26

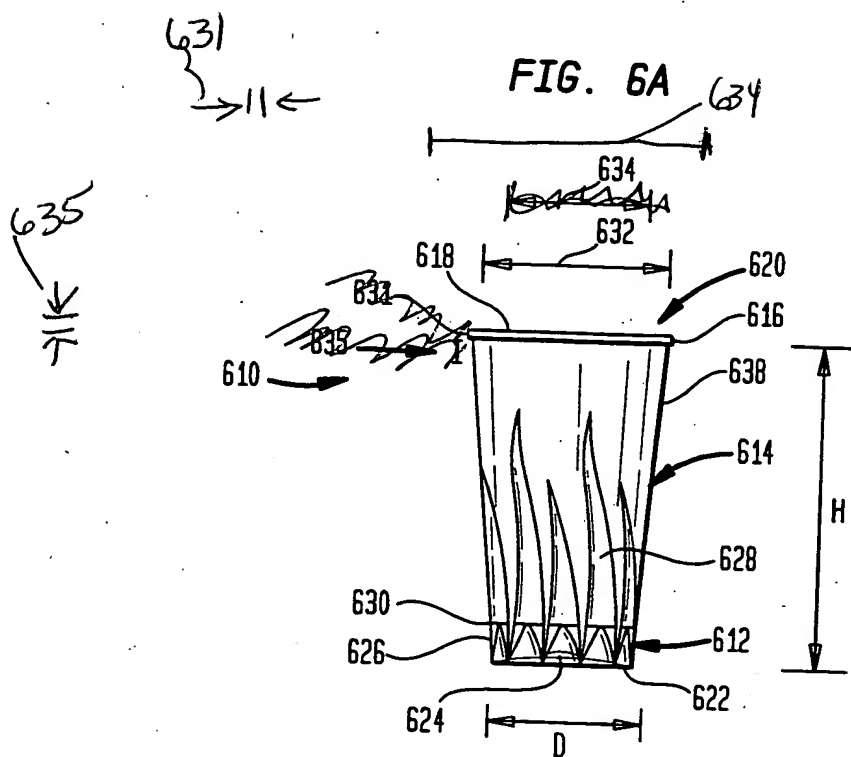


FIG. 6B

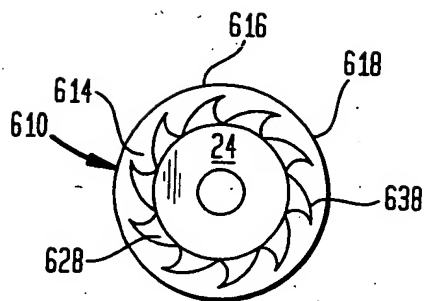
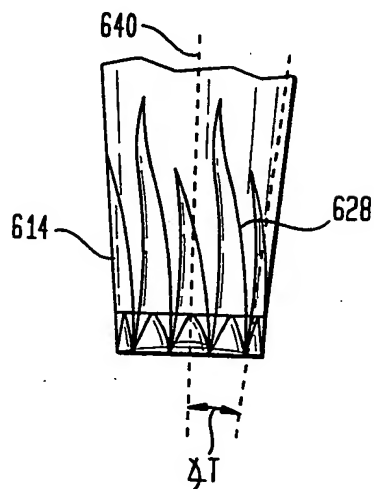
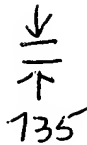


FIG. 6C



731 → 11 ←



SEE p. 29

FIG. 8



SEE P.34,36

10/14

FIG. 12

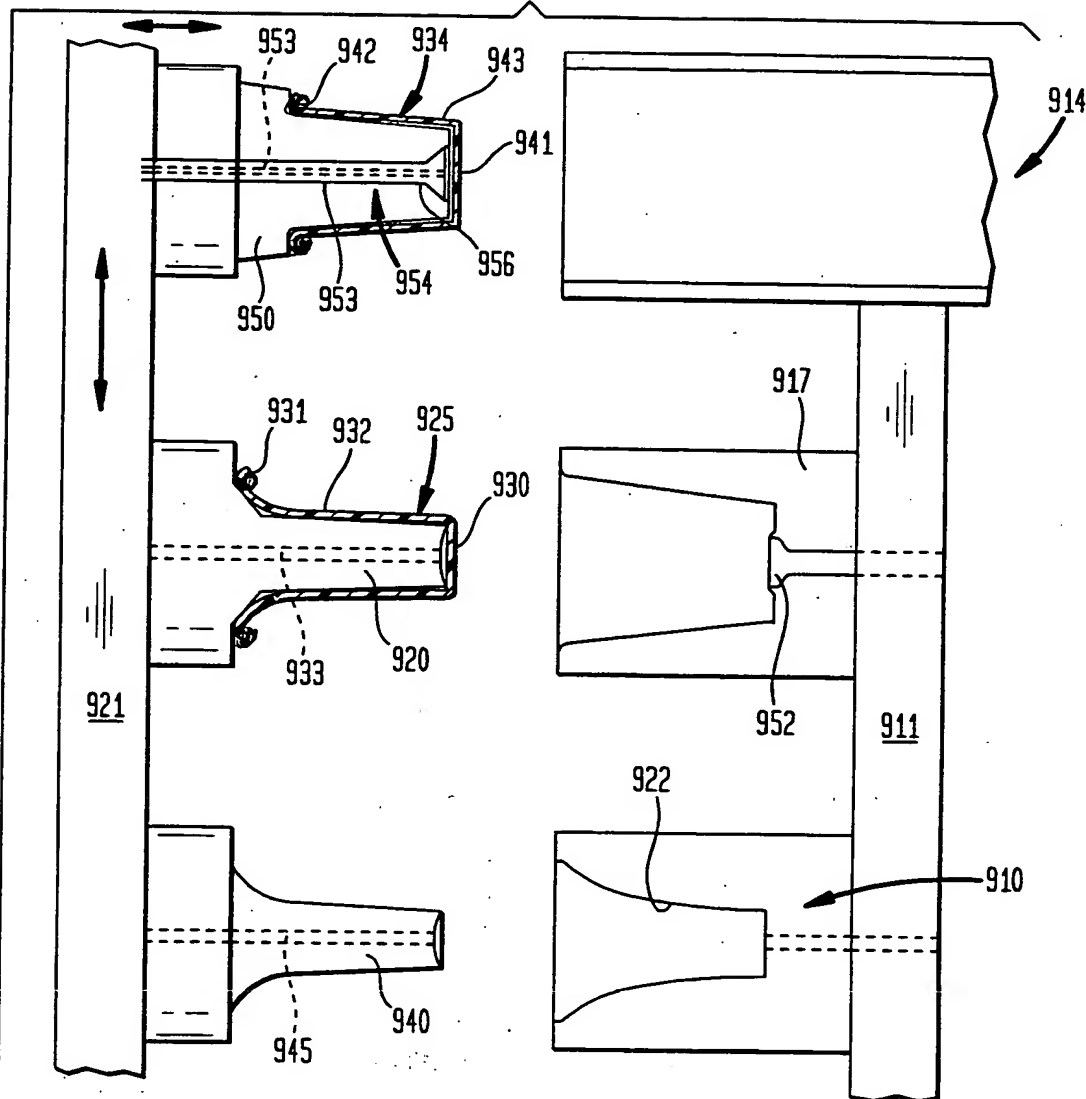
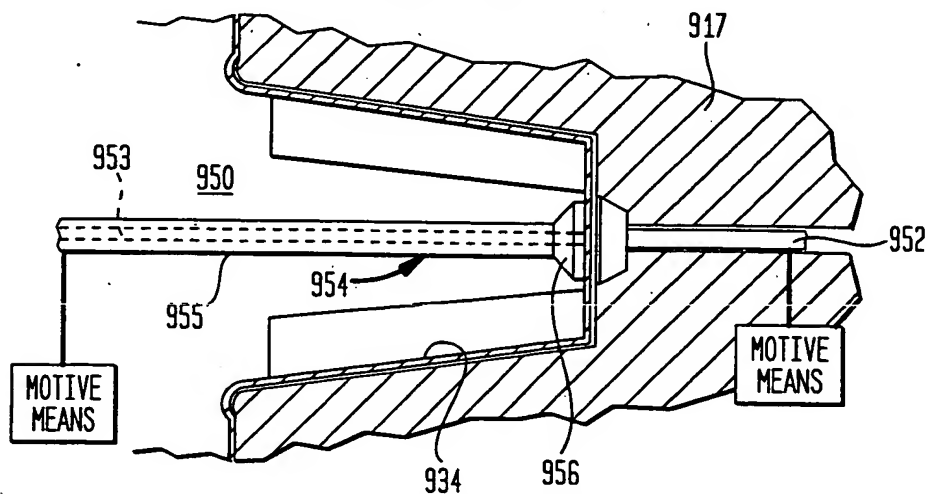


FIG. 13



12/14

FIG. 17A

SEE P. 44

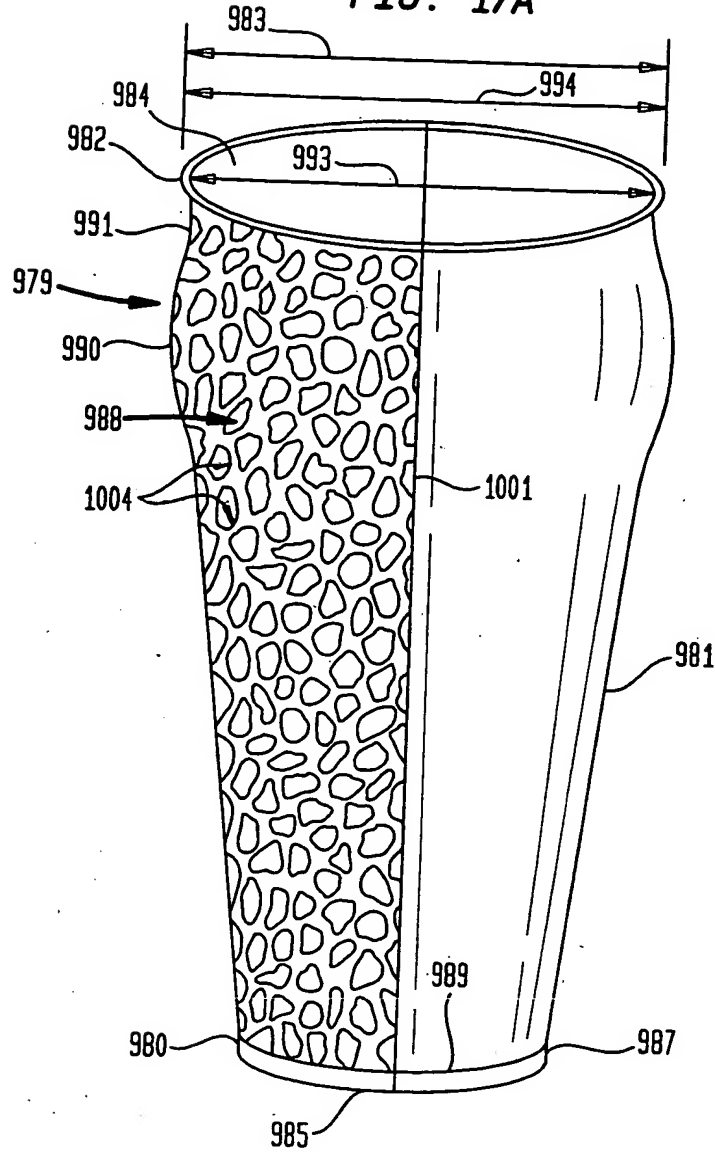


FIG. 17B

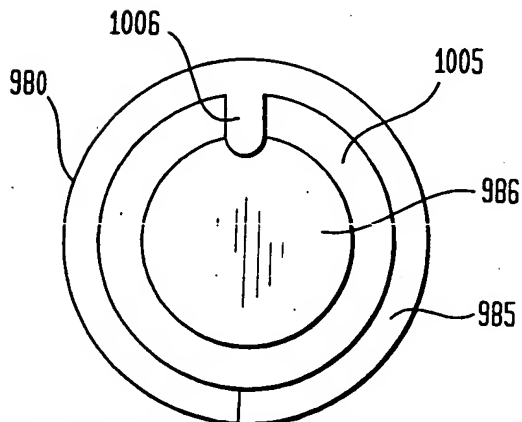


FIG. 17C

